# LARC Veterinarians' Anesthesia and Analgesia Recommendations for UCSF Laboratory Animals Effective Date: Jan 2018

Summary Table							
Severity of anticipated pain	Anesthetic	NSAID	Long-Acting Buprenorphine	Species - Page	Records Template - Page		
Moderate	Isoflurane only	Yes	No	Mouse - <u>3</u> ; Rat - <u>4</u>	M - <u>29;</u> R - <u>30</u>		
Moderate	Ketamine Combo + Isoflurane	Yes	No	Mouse - <u>5;</u> Rat - <u>6</u>	M - <u>31;</u> R - <u>32</u>		
Moderate	Isoflurane only	No	No	Mouse - <u>7</u> ; Rat - <u>8</u>	M - <u>33;</u> R - <u>34</u>		
Moderate	Ketamine Combo + Isoflurane	No	No	Mouse - <u>9;</u> Rat - <u>10</u>	M - <u>35;</u> R - <u>36</u>		
Moderate - Stereotactic	Ketamine Combo + Isoflurane	Yes	No	Mouse - <u>11</u> ; Rat - <u>12</u>	M - <u>31;</u> R - <u>32</u>		
Moderate - Stereotactic	Ketamine Combo + Isoflurane	No	No	Mouse - <u>13</u> ; Rat - <u>14</u>	M - <u>35;</u> R - <u>36</u>		
Severe	Isoflurane only	Yes	Yes	Mouse - <u>15;</u> Rat - <u>16</u>	M - <u>37</u> ; R - <u>38</u>		
Severe	Ketamine Combo + Isoflurane	Yes	No	Mouse - <u>17;</u> Rat - <u>18</u>	M - <u>39;</u> R - <u>40</u>		
Severe	Isoflurane only	Yes	No	Mouse - <u>19;</u> Rat - <u>20</u>	M - <u>41;</u> R - <u>42</u>		
Severe	Isoflurane only	No	Yes	Mouse - <u>21</u> ; Rat - <u>22</u>	M - <u>43;</u> R - <u>44</u>		
Severe	Ketamine Combo + Isoflurane	No	Yes	Mouse - <u>23;</u> Rat - <u>24</u>	M - <u>45;</u> R - <u>46</u>		
Severe	Isoflurane only	No	No	Mouse - <u>25</u> ; Rat - <u>26</u>	M - <u>47;</u> R - <u>48</u>		
Severe	Ketamine Combo + Isoflurane	No	No	Mouse - <u>27;</u> Rat - <u>28</u>	M - <u>49;</u> R - <u>50</u>		

Moderate Pain anticipated (examples):

- Some Abdominal Surgeries
- Subcutaneous Osmotic Pump Placement
- Embryo transfer
- Skin transplantation/allograft
- Most Stereotactic Procedures

Pg. 3-4 Moderate Pain Option 1:

Anesthesia: Isoflurane, buprenorphine, and bupivacaine. Post-op NSAID (Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug)

**Pg. 5-6** Moderate Pain Option 2:

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, isoflurane, and bupivacaine. Post-op buprenorphine and NSAID

**Pg. 7-8** Moderate Pain Option 3 (if NSAIDs must be avoided):

Anesthesia: Isoflurane, buprenorphine, and bupivacaine. Post-op buprenorphine

**Pg. 9-10** Moderate Pain Option 4 (if NSAIDs must be avoided): Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, isoflurane, and bupivacaine. Post-op buprenorphine

## Moderate Pain anticipated (but requires anesthesia for placement in device):

• Stereotactic/Craniotomy Surgery in Mouse or Rat

## Pg. 11-12 Stereotax Option 1:

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, isoflurane, and bupivacaine. Post-op buprenorphine and NSAID

Pg. 13-14 Stereotax Option 2 (if NSAIDs must be avoided):

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, isoflurane, and bupivacaine. Post-op buprenorphine

## Severe Pain anticipated (examples):

- Thoracotomy for cardiac manipulation
- Long-bone fracture and other orthopedic procedures
- Vertebral procedures
- Abdominal surgeries with organ manipulation
- Trauma models

Pg. 15-16 Severe Option 1:

Anesthesia: Isoflurane, sustained-release buprenorphine, and bupivacaine. Post-op NSAID

Pg. 17-18 Severe Option 2:

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, isoflurane, and bupivacaine. Post-op buprenorphine and NSAID

## Pg. 19-20 Severe Option 3:

Anesthesia: Isoflurane, regular buprenorphine, and bupivacaine. Post-op buprenorphine and NSAID

Pg. 21-22 Severe Option 5 (if NSAIDs must be avoided):

Anesthesia: Isoflurane, sustained-release buprenorphine, and bupivacaine.

Pg. 23-24 Severe Option 6 (if NSAIDs must be avoided):

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, isoflurane, and bupivacaine. Post-op sustained-release buprenorphine

**Pg. 25-26** Severe Option 7 (if NSAIDs must be avoided): Anesthesia: Isoflurane, regular buprenorphine, and bupivacaine. Post-op buprenorphine

Pg. 27-28 Severe Option 8 (if NSAIDs must be avoided):

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, isoflurane, and bupivacaine. Post-op buprenorphine

## • Moderate Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- o Abdominal surgeries
- o Subcutaneous pump placement
- o Embryo transfer
- o Skin transplantation / allograft

Anesthesia: Isoflurane

- **Pre-operative:** Buprenorphine is administered 30-60 minutes prior to incision.
- Peri-operative: Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** A long-acting veterinary non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) is given prior to recovery from anesthesia. The NSAID is given again the next morning following surgery.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5% for	Inhalant	Whenever general
	induction)	innaiant	anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
			-
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	0.05-0.1	SC or IP	Once at the time of surgery
			(administered 30-60 minutes
			prior to incision)
NSAID	Meloxicam (Recommended): 5-10	SC or IP	Prior to recovery from
		or PO	anesthesia and again the
(Choose one)	Carprofen (Recommended): ~5		next morning following
			surgery
	Ketoprofen: 2-5		

- Moderate Pain Anticipated (Examples):
  - o Abdominal surgeries
  - o Subcutaneous pump placement
  - o Embryo transfer
  - o Skin transplantation / allograft

Anesthesia: Isoflurane

- **Pre-operative:** Buprenorphine is administered 30-60 minutes prior to incision.
- Peri-operative: Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** A long-acting veterinary non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) is given prior to recovery from anesthesia. The NSAID is given again the next morning following surgery.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5%	Inhalant	Whenever general
	for induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	0.01-0.05	SC or IP	Once at the time of surgery
			(administered 30-60 minutes
			prior to incision)
NSAID	Meloxicam (Recommended): 2	SC, IP,	Prior to recovery from
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	or PO	anesthesia and again the
(Choose one)	Carprofen (Recommended): 5		next morning following
			surgery
	Ketoprofen: 2-5		

- Moderate Pain Anticipated (Examples):
  - o Abdominal surgeries
  - Subcutaneous pump placement
  - o Embryo transfer
  - o Skin transplantation / allograft

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, Isoflurane

- Peri-operative: Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** A long-acting veterinary non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) is given prior to anesthetic recovery. Buprenorphine is given immediately after animals recover from anesthesia. The NSAID is given again the next morning following surgery.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Ketamine-combination	Ketamine-Xylazine	IP	Whenever general
	(Recommended):		anesthesia is required
(Choose one	80-100 Ket+ 10-20 Xyl		
combination and			
combine in same	Ketamine-Xylazine-Acepromazine		
syringe)	(Recommended):		
	70-100 Ket + 10-20 Xyl + 2-3 Ace		
	Ketamine-Dexmedetomidine:		
	50-75 Ket + 0.25-0.5 Dex		
	Ketamine-Midazolam:		
	80-100 Ket + 4-5 Mid		
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5% for	Inhalant	Whenever general
	induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	0.05-0.1	SC or IP	Immediately after animals
			recover from anesthesia
NSAID	Meloxicam (Recommended): 5-10	SC, IP,	Prior to recovery from
		or PO	anesthesia and again the
(Choose one)	Carprofen (Recommended): ~5		next morning following
			surgery
	Ketoprofen: 2-5		

- Moderate Pain Anticipated (Examples):
  - Abdominal surgeries
  - o Subcutaneous pump placement
  - o Embryo transfer
  - o Skin transplantation / allograft

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, Isoflurane

- Peri-operative: Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** A long-acting veterinary non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) is given prior to anesthetic recovery. Buprenorphine is given immediately after animals recover from anesthesia. The NSAID is given again the next morning following surgery.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Ketamine-combination	Ketamine-Xylazine	IP	Whenever general
	(Recommended):		anesthesia is required
(Choose one	40-80 Ket+ 5-10 Xyl		
combination and			
combine in same	Ketamine-Xylazine-		
syringe)	Acepromazine (Recommended):		
	40-80 Ket + 8 Xyl + 4 Ace		
	Ketamine-Dexmedetomidine:		
	60-75 Ket + 0.25-0.5 Dex		
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5%	Inhalant	Whenever general
	for induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	0.01-0.05	SC or IP	Immediately after animals
			recover from anesthesia
NSAID	Meloxicam (Recommended): 2	SC, IP,	Prior to recovery from
		or PO	anesthesia and again the
(Choose one)	Carprofen (Recommended): 5		next morning following
			surgery
	Ketoprofen: 2-5		

## • Moderate Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- o Abdominal surgeries
- o Subcutaneous pump placement
- o Embryo transfer
- o Skin transplantation / allograft
- NSAIDs must be avoided

#### Anesthesia: Isoflurane

- **Pre-operative:** Buprenorphine is administered 30-60 minutes prior to incision.
- **Peri-operative:** Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** Buprenorphine is given 4-8 hours post-surgery, on the next morning following surgery, and, if signs of pain are evident, on the next afternoon following surgery.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5%	Inhalant	Whenever general
	for induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	0.05-0.1	SC or IP	Once at the time of surgery
			(administered 30-60 minutes
			prior to incision), 4-8 hours
			post-surgery, on the next
			morning following surgery,
			and, if signs of pain are
			evident, on the next
			afternoon following surgery

## • Moderate Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- Abdominal surgeries
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- o Skin transplantation / allograft
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Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
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Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
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(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine: Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	0.01-0.05	SC or IP	Once at the time of surgery (administered 30-60 minutes prior to incision), 4-8 hours post-surgery, on the next morning following surgery, and, if signs of pain are evident, on the next afternoon following surgery

## • Moderate Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- o Abdominal surgeries
- o Subcutaneous pump placement
- o Embryo transfer
- o Skin transplantation / allograft
- NSAIDs must be avoided

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, Isoflurane

- **Peri-operative:** Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** Buprenorphine is given immediately after animals recover from anesthesia, 4-8 hours post-surgery, on the next morning following surgery, and, if signs of pain are evident, on the next afternoon following surgery.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Ketamine-combination	Ketamine-Xylazine	IP	Whenever general
	(Recommended):		anesthesia is required
(Choose one	80-100 Ket+ 10-20 Xyl		
combination and			
combine in same	Ketamine-Xylazine-		
syringe)	Acepromazine (Recommended):		
	70-100 Ket + 10-20 Xyl + 2-3 Ace		
	Ketamine-Dexmedetomidine:		
	50-75 Ket + 0.25-0.5 Dex		
	Ketamine-Midazolam:		
	80-100 Ket + 4-5 Mid		
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5%	Inhalant	Whenever general
	for induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	0.05-0.1	SC or IP	Immediately after animals
			recover from anesthesia, 4-8
			hours post-surgery, on the
			next morning following
			surgery, and, if signs of pain
			are evident, on the next
			afternoon following surgery

## • Moderate Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- o Abdominal surgeries
- o Subcutaneous pump placement
- o Embryo transfer
- o Skin transplantation / allograft
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Ketamine-combination	Ketamine-Xylazine	IP	Whenever general
	(Recommended):		anesthesia is required
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syringe)	Acepromazine (Recommended):		
	40-80 Ket + 8 Xyl + 4 Ace		
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(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
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	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	0.01-0.05	SC or IP	Immediately after animals
			recover from anesthesia, 4-8
			hours post-surgery, on the
			next morning following
			surgery, and, if signs of pain
			are evident, on the next
			afternoon following surgery

- Moderate Pain Anticipated
- Requires anesthesia for placement in stereotactic device

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, Isoflurane

- Peri-operative: Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** A long-acting veterinary non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) is given prior to anesthetic recovery. Buprenorphine is given immediately after animals recover from anesthesia. The NSAID is given again the next morning following surgery.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Ketamine-combination	Ketamine-Xylazine	IP	Whenever general
	(Recommended):		anesthesia is required
(Choose one	80-100 Ket+ 10-20 Xyl		
combination and			
combine in same	Ketamine-Xylazine-Acepromazine		
syringe)	(Recommended):		
	70-100 Ket + 10-20 Xyl + 2-3 Ace		
	Ketamine-Dexmedetomidine:		
	50-75 Ket + 0.25-0.5 Dex		
	30-73 Ret + 0.23-0.3 Dex		
	Ketamine-Midazolam:		
	80-100 Ket + 4-5 Mid		
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5% for	Inhalant	Whenever general
	induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
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(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	0.05-0.1	SC or IP	Immediately after animals
			recover from anesthesia
NSAID	Meloxicam (Recommended): 5-10	SC, IP,	Prior to recovery from
		or PO	anesthesia and again on the
(Choose one)	Carprofen (Recommended): ~5		next morning following
			surgery
	Ketoprofen: 2-5		

- Moderate Pain Anticipated
- Requires anesthesia for placement in stereotactic device

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, Isoflurane

- Peri-operative: Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** A long-acting veterinary non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) is given prior to anesthetic recovery. Buprenorphine is given immediately after animals recover from anesthesia. The NSAID is given again the next morning following surgery.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Ketamine-combination	Ketamine-Xylazine	IP	Whenever general
	(Recommended)		anesthesia is required
(Choose one	40-80 Ket+ 5-10 Xyl		
combination and			
combine in same	Ketamine-Xylazine-		
syringe)	Acepromazine (Recommended):		
	40-80 Ket + 8 Xyl + 4 Ace		
	Ketamine-Dexmedetomidine:		
	60-75 Ket + 0.25-0.5 Dex		
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5%	Inhalant	Whenever general
	for induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
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	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	0.01-0.05	SC or IP	Immediately after animals
			recover from anesthesia
NSAID	Meloxicam (Recommended): 2	SC, IP,	Prior to recovery from
		or PO	anesthesia and again on the
(Choose one)	Carprofen (Recommended): 5		next morning following
			surgery
	Ketoprofen: 2-5		

- Moderate Pain Anticipated
- Requires anesthesia for placement in stereotactic device
- NSAIDs must be avoided

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, Isoflurane

- Peri-operative: Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative Care:** Buprenorphine is given immediately after animals recover from anesthesia, 4-8 hours post-surgery, on the next morning following surgery, and, if signs of pain are evident, on the next afternoon following surgery.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Ketamine-combination	Ketamine-Xylazine	IP	Whenever general anesthesia
	(Recommended):		is required
(Choose one combination	80-100 Ket+ 10-20 Xyl		
and combine in same			
syringe)	Ketamine-Xylazine-Acepromazine		
	(Recommended):		
	70-100 Ket + 10-20 Xyl + 2-3 Ace		
	Ketamine-Dexmedetomidine:		
	50-75 Ket + 0.25-0.5 Dex		
	Ketamine-Midazolam:		
	80-100 Ket + 4-5 Mid		
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5% for	Inhalant	Whenever general anesthesia
	induction)	malant	is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	0.05-0.1	SC or IP	Immediately after animals
			recover from anesthesia, 4-8
			hours post-surgery, on the
			next morning following
			surgery, and, if signs of pain
			are evident, on the next
			afternoon following surgery

- Moderate Pain Anticipated
- Requires anesthesia for placement in stereotactic device
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Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, Isoflurane

- Peri-operative: Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative Care:** Buprenorphine is given immediately after animals recover from anesthesia, 4-8 hours post-surgery, on the next morning following surgery, and, if signs of pain are evident, on the next afternoon following surgery.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Ketamine-combination	Ketamine-Xylazine (Recommended):	IP	Whenever general anesthesia is required
(Choose one combination and combine in same	40-80 Ket+ 5-10 Xyl		
syringe)	Ketamine-Xylazine-Acepromazine		
	(Recommended):		
	40-80 Ket + 8 Xyl + 4 Ace		
	Ketamine-Dexmedetomidine:		
	60-75 Ket + 0.25-0.5 Dex		
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5% for induction)	Inhalant	Whenever general anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
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Buprenorphine	0.01-0.05	SC or IP	Immediately after animals
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			hours post-surgery, on the
			next morning following
			surgery, and, if signs of pain
			are evident, on the next
			afternoon following surgery

## • Severe Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- Thoracotomy for cardiac manipulation
- Orthopedic / Trauma procedures (e.g. long-bone fractures, TBI, vertebral procedures)
- Abdominal surgeries with organ manipulation

#### Anesthesia: Isoflurane

- **Pre-operative:** Sustained-release buprenorphine is given once at the time of surgery, administered 30-60 minutes prior to incision.
- **Peri-operative:** Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** A long-acting veterinary non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) is given prior to recovery from anesthesia (post-surgery day 1), on the next morning following surgery (post-surgery day 2), and, if signs of pain are evident, on next subsequent morning (post-surgery day 3).

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5% for	Inhalant	Whenever general
	induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	1.5	SC	Once at the time of surgery
(Sustained-release)			(administered 30-60 minutes
			prior to incision)
NSAID	Meloxicam (Recommended): 5-10	SC, IP,	Prior to recovery from
		or PO	anesthesia (post-surgery day
(Choose one)	Carprofen (Recommended): ~5		1), on the next morning
			following surgery (post-
	Ketoprofen: 2-5		surgery day 2), and, if signs
			of pain are evident, on next
			subsequent morning (post-
			surgery day 3).

## • Severe Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- Thoracotomy for cardiac manipulation
- Orthopedic / Trauma procedures (e.g. long-bone fractures, TBI, vertebral procedures)
- Abdominal surgeries with organ manipulation

#### Anesthesia: Isoflurane

- **Pre-operative:** Sustained-release buprenorphine is given once at the time of surgery, administered 30-60 minutes prior to incision.
- **Peri-operative:** Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** A long-acting veterinary non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) is prior to recovery from anesthesia (post-surgery day 1), on the next morning following surgery (post-surgery day 2), and, if signs of pain are evident, on next subsequent morning (post-surgery day 3).

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5%	Inhalant	Whenever general
	for induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	1.2	SC	Once at the time of surgery
(Sustained-release)			(administered 30-60 minutes
			prior to incision)
NSAID	Meloxicam (Recommended): 2	SC, IP,	Prior to recovery from
		or PO	anesthesia (post-surgery day
(Choose one)	Carprofen (Recommended): 5		1), on the next morning
	, ,		following surgery (post-
	Ketoprofen: 2-5		surgery day 2), and, if signs
			of pain are evident, on next
			subsequent morning (post-
			surgery day 3).

## • Severe Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- Thoracotomy for cardiac manipulation
- Orthopedic / Trauma procedures (e.g. long-bone fractures, TBI, vertebral procedures)
- Abdominal surgeries with organ manipulation

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, Isoflurane

- Peri-operative: Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- Post-operative:
  - Buprenorphine is given immediately after animals recover from anesthesia, 4-8 hours post-surgery, on the next morning following surgery, and, if signs of pain are evident, on the next afternoon following surgery.
  - A long-acting veterinary non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) is given prior to recovery from anesthesia (post-surgery day 1), on the next morning following surgery (post-surgery day 2), and, if signs of pain are evident, on the next subsequent morning (post-surgery day 3).

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Ketamine-combination	Ketamine-Xylazine	IP	Whenever general anesthesia
	(Recommended)		is required
(Choose one combination	80-100 Ket+ 10-20 Xyl		
and combine in same	Ketamine-Xylazine-Acepromazine		
syringe)	(Recommended):		
	70-100 Ket + 10-20 Xyl + 2-3 Ace		
	Ketamine-Dexmedetomidine:		
	50-75 Ket + 0.25-0.5 Dex		
	Ketamine-Midazolam:		
	80-100 Ket + 4-5 Mid		
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5% for	Inhalant	Whenever general anesthesia
	induction)		is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	0.05-0.1	SC or IP	Immediately after animals
			recover from anesthesia, 4-8
			hours post-surgery, on the
			next morning following
			surgery, and, if signs of pain
			are evident, on the next
			afternoon following surgery
NSAID	Meloxicam (Recommended): 5-10	SC, IP,	Prior to recovery from
		or PO	anesthesia (post-surgery day
(Choose one)	Carprofen (Recommended): ~5		1), on the next morning
			following surgery (post-
	Ketoprofen: 2-5		surgery day 2), and, if signs of
	P		pain are evident, on the next
			subsequent morning (post-
			surgery day 3).

## • Severe Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- Thoracotomy for cardiac manipulation
- Orthopedic / Trauma procedures (e.g. long-bone fractures, TBI, vertebral procedures)
- Abdominal surgeries with organ manipulation

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, Isoflurane

- Peri-operative: Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- Post-operative:
  - Buprenorphine is given immediately after animals recover from anesthesia, 4-8 hours post-surgery, on the next morning following surgery, and, if signs of pain are evident, on the next afternoon following surgery.
  - A long-acting veterinary non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) is prior to recovery from anesthesia (post-surgery day 1), on the next morning following surgery (post-surgery day 2), and, as needed, if signs of pain are evident, on the next subsequent morning (post-surgery day 3).

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Ketamine-combination	Ketamine-Xylazine (Recommended):	IP	Whenever general anesthesia is required
(Choose one combination and combine in same	40-80 Ket+ 5-10 Xyl		
syringe)	Ketamine-Xylazine-Acepromazine		
	(Recommended): 40-80 Ket + 8 Xyl + 4 Ace		
	Ketamine-Dexmedetomidine: 60-75 Ket + 0.25-0.5 Dex		
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5% for induction)	Inhalant	Whenever general anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended): Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	SC, Intra-	Once at the time of surgery, given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose Lidocaine:	incisional	surgical incision
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7 mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	0.01-0.05	SC, IP	Immediately after animals recover from anesthesia, 4-8 hours post-surgery, on the next morning following surgery, and, as needed, if signs of pain are evident, on the next afternoon following surgery
NSAID	Meloxicam (Recommended): 2	SC, IP, or PO	Immediately after animals recover from anesthesia
(Choose one)	Carprofen (Recommended): 5		(post-surgery day 1), on the next morning following
	Ketoprofen: 2-5		surgery (post-surgery day 2), and, as needed, if signs of pain are evident, on the next subsequent morning

## • Severe Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- Thoracotomy for cardiac manipulation
- Orthopedic / Trauma procedures (e.g. long-bone fractures, TBI, vertebral procedures)
- Abdominal surgeries with organ manipulation

#### Anesthesia: Isoflurane

- **Pre-operative:** Buprenorphine is given once at the time of surgery, administered 30-60 minutes prior to incision.
- Peri-operative: Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- Post-operative:
  - Buprenorphine is given 4-8 hours post-surgery, on the next morning following surgery, and, if signs of pain are evident, on the next afternoon following surgery.
  - A long-acting veterinary non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) is given prior to recovery from anesthesia (post-surgery day 1), on the next morning following surgery (post-surgery day 2), and, as needed if signs of pain are evident, on the next subsequent morning (post-surgery day 3).

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5%	Inhalant	Whenever general
	for induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose	00.15	
Buprenorphine	0.05-0.1	SC, IP	Once at the time of surgery
			(administered 30-60 minutes
			prior to incision), 4-8 hours
			post-surgery, on the next morning following surgery,
			and, if signs of pain are
			evident, on the next
			afternoon following surgery
NSAID	Meloxicam (Recommended): 5-	SC, IP,	Prior to recovery from
	10	or PO	anesthesia (post-surgery day
(Choose one)			1), on the next morning
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Carprofen (Recommended): ~5		following surgery (post-
			surgery day 2), and, if signs
	Ketoprofen: 2-5		of pain are evident, on the
			next subsequent morning
			(post-surgery day 3).

### • Severe Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- Thoracotomy for cardiac manipulation
- Orthopedic / Trauma procedures (e.g. long-bone fractures, TBI, vertebral procedures)
- Abdominal surgeries with organ manipulation

#### Anesthesia: Isoflurane

- **Pre-operative:** Buprenorphine is given once at the time of surgery, administered 30-60 minutes prior to incision.
- Peri-operative: Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- Post-operative:
  - Buprenorphine is given 4-8 hours post-surgery, on the next morning following surgery, and, if signs of pain are evident, on the next afternoon following surgery.
  - A long-acting veterinary non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) is given prior to recovery from anesthesia (post-surgery day 1), on the next morning following surgery (post-surgery day 2), and, as needed if signs of pain are evident, on the next subsequent morning (post-surgery day 3).

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5%	Inhalant	Whenever general
	for induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
Buprenorphine	mg/kg total dose 0.01-0.05	SC, IP	Once at the time of surgery
Buprenorprime	0.01-0.03	30, IF	(administered 30-60 minutes
			prior to incision), 4-8 hours
			post-surgery, on the next
			morning following surgery,
			and, if signs of pain are
			evident, on the next
			afternoon following surgery
NSAID	Meloxicam (Recommended): 2	SC, IP,	Prior to recovery from
		or PO	anesthesia (post-surgery day
(Choose one)	Carprofen (Recommended): 5		1), on the next morning
	Katamatan 0.5		following surgery (post-
	Ketoprofen: 2-5		surgery day 2), and, if signs
			of pain are evident, on the
			next subsequent morning
			(post-surgery day 3).

### • Severe Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- Thoracotomy for cardiac manipulation
- Orthopedic / Trauma procedures (e.g. long-bone fractures, TBI, vertebral procedures)
- Abdominal surgeries with organ manipulation

#### • NSAIDs must be avoided

#### Anesthesia: Isoflurane

- **Pre-operative:** Sustained-release buprenorphine is given once at the time of surgery, administered 30-60 minutes prior to incision.
- **Peri-operative:** Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** If signs of pain are evident during post-operative monitoring, consult with LARC veterinary staff.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5%	Inhalant	Whenever general
	for induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	1.5	SC	Once at the time of surgery
(Sustained-Release)			(administered 30-60 minutes
			prior to incision). If signs of
			pain are evident during post-
			operative monitoring, consult
			with LARC veterinary staff.

#### • Severe Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- Thoracotomy for cardiac manipulation
- Orthopedic / Trauma procedures (e.g. long-bone fractures, TBI, vertebral procedures)
- Abdominal surgeries with organ manipulation

#### • NSAIDs must be avoided

#### Anesthesia: Isoflurane

- **Pre-operative:** Sustained-release buprenorphine is given once at the time of surgery, administered 30-60 minutes prior to incision.
- **Peri-operative:** Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** If signs of pain are evident during post-operative monitoring, consult with LARC veterinary staff.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5%	Inhalant	Whenever general
	for induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended): Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	SC, Intra-	Once at the time of surgery, given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7 mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine (Sustained-Release)	1.2	SC	Once at the time of surgery (administered 30-60 minutes prior to incision). If signs of pain are evident during post- operative monitoring, consult with LARC veterinary staff.

## • Severe Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- Thoracotomy for cardiac manipulation
- o Orthopedic / Trauma procedures (e.g. long-bone fractures, TBI, vertebral procedures)
- Abdominal surgeries with organ manipulation

### • NSAIDs must be avoided

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, Isoflurane

- **Peri-operative:** Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** Sustained-release buprenorphine is given immediately after animals recover from anesthesia. If signs of pain are evident during post-operative monitoring, consult with LARC veterinary staff.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Ketamine-combination	Ketamine-Xylazine	IP	Whenever general
	(Recommended):		anesthesia is required
(Choose one	80-100 Ket+ 5-10 Xyl		
combination and			
combine in same	Ketamine-Xylazine-		
syringe)	Acepromazine (Recommended):		
	70-100 Ket + 10-20 Xyl + 2-3 Ace		
	Ketamine-Dexmedetomidine:		
	50-75 Ket + 0.25-0.5 Dex		
	Ketamine-Midazolam:		
	80-100 Ket + 4-5 Mid		
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5%	Inhalant	Whenever general
	for induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	1.5	SC	Immediately after animals
(Sustained-Release)			recover from anesthesia. If
			signs of pain are evident
			during post-operative
			monitoring, consult with
			LARC veterinary staff

## • Severe Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- Thoracotomy for cardiac manipulation
- o Orthopedic / Trauma procedures (e.g. long-bone fractures, TBI, vertebral procedures)
- Abdominal surgeries with organ manipulation

#### • NSAIDs must be avoided

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, Isoflurane

- **Peri-operative:** Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** Sustained-release buprenorphine is given immediately after animals recover from anesthesia. If signs of pain are evident during post-operative monitoring, consult with LARC veterinary staff.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Ketamine-combination	Ketamine-Xylazine	IP	Whenever general
	(Recommended):		anesthesia is required
(Choose one	40-80 Ket+ 5-10 Xyl		
combination and			
combine in same	Ketamine-Xylazine-		
syringe)	Acepromazine (Recommended):		
	40-80 Ket + 8 Xyl + 4 Ace		
	Ketamine-Dexmedetomidine:		
	60-75 Ket + 0.25-0.5 Dex		
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5%	Inhalant	Whenever general
	for induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	1.2	SC	Immediately after animals
(Sustained-Release)			recover from anesthesia. If
			signs of pain are evident
			during post-operative
			monitoring, consult with
			LARC veterinary staff.

### • Severe Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- Thoracotomy for cardiac manipulation
- Orthopedic / Trauma procedures (e.g. long-bone fractures, TBI, vertebral procedures)
- Abdominal surgeries with organ manipulation

#### • NSAIDs must be avoided

#### Anesthesia: Isoflurane

- **Pre-operative:** Buprenorphine is given once at the time of surgery, administered 30-60 minutes prior to incision.
- Peri-operative: Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** Buprenorphine is given 4-8 hours post-surgery, on the next morning following surgery, and on the next afternoon following surgery.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5%	Inhalant	Whenever general
	for induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	0.05-0.1	SC or IP	Once at the time of surgery
			(administered 30-60 minutes
			prior to incision), 4-8 hours
			post-surgery, on the next
			morning following surgery,
			and on the next afternoon
			following surgery

#### • Severe Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- Thoracotomy for cardiac manipulation
- Orthopedic / Trauma procedures (e.g. long-bone fractures, TBI, vertebral procedures)
- Abdominal surgeries with organ manipulation

#### • NSAIDs must be avoided

#### Anesthesia: Isoflurane

- **Pre-operative:** Buprenorphine is given once at the time of surgery, administered 30-60 minutes prior to incision.
- **Peri-operative:** Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** Buprenorphine is given 4-8 hours post-surgery, on the next morning following surgery, and on the next afternoon following surgery.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5% for induction)	Inhalant	Whenever general anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended): Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	SC, Intra-	Once at the time of surgery, given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7 mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	0.01-0.05	SC or IP	Once at the time of surgery (administered 30-60 minutes prior to incision), 4-8 hours post-surgery, on the next morning following surgery, and on the next afternoon following surgery

## • Severe Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- Thoracotomy for cardiac manipulation
- Orthopedic / Trauma procedures (e.g. long-bone fractures, TBI, vertebral procedures)
- Abdominal surgeries with organ manipulation

### • NSAIDs must be avoided

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, Isoflurane

- **Peri-operative:** Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** Buprenorphine is given immediately after animals recover from anesthesia, 4-8 hours post-surgery, on the next morning following surgery, and on the next afternoon following surgery.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Ketamine-combination	Ketamine-Xylazine	IP	Whenever general
	(Recommended):		anesthesia is required
(Choose one	80-100 Ket+ 5-10 Xyl		
combination and			
combine in same	Ketamine-Xylazine-		
syringe)	Acepromazine (Recommended):		
	70-100 Ket + 10-20 Xyl + 2-3 Ace		
	Ketamine-Dexmedetomidine:		
	50-75 Ket + 0.25-0.5 Dex		
	Ketamine-Midazolam:		
	80-100 Ket + 4-5 Mid		
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5%	Inhalant	Whenever general
	for induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose	00 15	
Buprenorphine	0.05-0.1	SC or IP	Once immediately after
			animals recover from
			anesthesia, 4-8 hours post-
			surgery, on the next morning
			following surgery, and on the
			next afternoon following
			surgery

## • Severe Pain Anticipated (Examples):

- Thoracotomy for cardiac manipulation
- Orthopedic / Trauma procedures (e.g. long-bone fractures, TBI, vertebral procedures)
- Abdominal surgeries with organ manipulation

#### • NSAIDs must be avoided

Anesthesia: Ketamine-combination, Isoflurane

- **Peri-operative:** Bupivacaine/Lidocaine is given at the surgical site prior to incision.
- **Post-operative:** Buprenorphine is given immediately after animals recover from anesthesia, 4-8 hours post-surgery, on the next morning following surgery, and on the next afternoon following surgery.

Anesthesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Ketamine-combination	Ketamine-Xylazine	IP	Whenever general
	(Recommended):		anesthesia is required
(Choose one	40-80 Ket+ 5-10 Xyl		
combination and			
combine in same	Ketamine-Xylazine-		
syringe)	Acepromazine (Recommended):		
	40-80 Ket + 8 Xyl + 4 Ace		
	Ketamine-Dexmedetomidine:		
	60-75 Ket + 0.25-0.5 Dex		
Isoflurane	1-3% inhalant to effect (up to 5%	Inhalant	Whenever general
	for induction)		anesthesia is required
Analgesia Agent	Dose Range (mg/kg)	Route	Frequency & Total Duration
Bupivacaine/Lidocaine	Bupivacaine (Recommended):	SC,	Once at the time of surgery,
	Dilute to 0.25%, do not exceed 8	Intra-	given locally before making
(Choose one)	mg/kg total dose	incisional	surgical incision
	Lidocaine:		
	Dilute to 0.5%, do not exceed 7		
	mg/kg total dose		
Buprenorphine	0.01-0.05	SC or IP	Once immediately after animals recover from anesthesia, 4-8 hours post- surgery, on the next morning following surgery, and on the next afternoon following surgery

# Mouse Anesthesia/Surgery/Post-Operative Record

PI		Protocol # AN		
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival		
Date		Experimental agents administered		
Procedure name				
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation
		(mg/kg)		
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local
(All must be used)	(2) Buprenorphine	(mg/kg)	(2) 0.05-0.1	(2) SC/IP
	(3) Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen	(3) 5-10 (Mel) -OR- ~5 (Car) (3) SC/IP/PO		
Ophthalmic oin	tment administered in eyes of all	anesthetized ani	imals	

Heat provided during surgery and recovery

**D** Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID	
Body weight (grams)	
Anesthesia start time	
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	
Buprenorphine	
Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen	
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Anesthesia end time	
Complications? Y/N	

Note complications here and on back of page if needed:

- Record dates and times of post-op observations or analgesic administrations.
- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
- Once post-surgical pain assessment has concluded, all other monitoring will continue as approved per protocol.

Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details					

# Rat Anesthesia/Surgery/Post-Operative Record

PI		Protocol # AN			
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival			
Date		Experimental agents administered			
Procedure name					
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation	
		(mg/kg)			
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local	
(All must be used)	(2) Buprenorphine	(mg/kg)	(2) 0.01-0.05	(2) SC/IP	
	(3) Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen	(3) 2 (Mel) -OR- 5 (Car) (3) SC/IP/PO			
Ophthalmic oi	ntment administered in eyes of all a	nesthetized anim	nals		

Heat provided during surgery and recovery

**D** Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID	
Body weight (grams)	
Anesthesia start time	
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	
Buprenorphine	
Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen	
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered         Image: Image of the state of the s
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered         Image: Image of the state of the s

Note complications here and on back of page if needed:

- Record dates and times of post-op observations or analgesic administrations.
- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
- Once post-surgical pain assessment has concluded, all other monitoring will continue as approved per protocol.

Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details					

# Mouse Anesthesia/Surgery/Post-Operative Record

PI		Protocol #		
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival		
Date		Experimental agents administered		
Procedure name				
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation
	(2) Ketamine + Xylazine		(2) 80-100 K + 10-20 X	(2) IP
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local
(All must be used)	(2) Buprenorphine	(mg/kg)	(2) 0.05-0.1	(2) SC/IP
	(3) Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen	(3) 5-10 (Mel) -OR- ~5 (Car) (3) SC/IP/PO		
Ophthalmic oin	tment administered in eyes of all ar	nesthetized anim	nals	

Heat provided during surgery and recovery

Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

**Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage** 

Circle Animal ID Cage ID	
Body weight (grams)	
Anesthesia start time	
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	
Buprenorphine	
Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen	
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Anesthesia end time	

Note complications here and on back of page if needed:

- Record dates and times of post-op observations or analgesic administrations.
- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
- Once post-surgical pain assessment has concluded, all other monitoring will continue as approved per protocol.

Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details					

# Rat Anesthesia/Surgery/Post-Operative Record

PI		Protocol # AN		
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival		
Date		Experimental a	gents administered	
Procedure name				
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation
	(2) Ketamine + Xylazine	(mg/kg)	(2) 40-80 K + 5-10 X	(2) IP
Analgesics used (1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine		Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local
(All must be used)	(2) Buprenorphine	(mg/kg)	(2) 0.01-0.05	(2) SC/IP
	(3) Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen		(3) 2 (Mel) -OR- 5 (Car)	(3) SC/IP/PO
Ophthalmic oi	ntment administered in eyes of all a	nesthetized anim	nals	

Heat provided during surgery and recovery

Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID	
Body weight (grams)	
Anesthesia start time	
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	
Buprenorphine	
Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen	
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered         Image: Image of the state of the s
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered         Image: Image of the state of the s

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- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
- Once post-surgical pain assessment has concluded, all other monitoring will continue as approved per protocol.

Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details					

# Mouse Anesthesia/Surgery/Post-Operative Record

PI		Protocol # AN			
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival			
Date		Experimental agents administered			
Procedure name					
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation	
		(mg/kg)			
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local	
(All must be used)	(2) Buprenorphine	(mg/kg)	(2) 0.05-0.1	(2) SC/IP	
Ophthalmic ointment administered in eyes of all anesthetized animals					

Heat provided during surgery and recovery

Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID	
Body weight (grams)	
Anesthesia start time	
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	
Buprenorphine	
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Anesthesia end time	
Complications? Y/N	

Note complications here and on back of page if needed:

- Record dates and times of post-op observations or analgesic administrations.
- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
- Once post-surgical pain assessment has concluded, all other monitoring will continue as approved per protocol.

Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🖵 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP

# Rat Anesthesia/Surgery/Post-Operative Record

PI		Protocol # AN			
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival			
Date		Experimental agents administered			
Procedure name					
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation	
		(mg/kg)			
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local	
(All must be used) (2) Buprenorphine		(mg/kg)	(2) 0.01-0.05	(2) SC/IP	
<b>Ophthalmic ointment administered in eyes of all anesthetized animals</b>					

**Heat provided during surgery and recovery** 

**D** Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID	
Body weight (grams)	
Anesthesia start time	
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	
Buprenorphine	
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Anesthesia end time	
Complications? Y/N	

Note complications here and on back of page if needed:

- Record dates and times of post-op observations or analgesic administrations.
- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
- Once post-surgical pain assessment has concluded, all other monitoring will continue as approved per protocol.

Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Вир	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP

# Mouse Anesthesia/Surgery/Post-Operative Record

PI Protocol # AN				
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival		
Date		Experimental agents administered		
Procedure name				
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation
(2) Ketamine + Xylazine		(mg/kg)	(2) 80-100 K + 10-20 X	(2) IP
Analgesics used (1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine		Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local
(All must be used) (2) Buprenorphine		(mg/kg)	(2) 0.05-0.1	(2) SC/IP
Ophthalmic ointment administered in eyes of all anesthetized animals				

Heat provided during surgery and recovery

**D** Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID	
Body weight (grams)	
Anesthesia start time	
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	
Buprenorphine	
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Anesthesia end time	
Complications? Y/N	

Note complications here and on back of page if needed:

- Record dates and times of post-op observations or analgesic administrations.
- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
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Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🖵 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP

# Rat Anesthesia/Surgery/Post-Operative Record

PI		Protocol # AN				
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival				
Date		Experimental agents administered				
Procedure name						
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation		
	(2) Ketamine + Xylazine	(mg/kg)	(2) 40-80 K + 5-10 X	(2) IP		
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local		
(All must be used)	(2) Buprenorphine	(mg/kg)	(2) 0.01-0.05	(2) SC/IP		
Ophthalmic ointment administered in eyes of all anesthetized animals						

**Heat provided during surgery and recovery** 

Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID						
Body weight (grams)						
Anesthesia start time						
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered					
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine						
Buprenorphine						
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered					
Anesthesia end time						
Complications? Y/N						

Note complications here and on back of page if needed:

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- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
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Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Вир	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🖬 Bup	🖵 Bup	🖬 Bup	🖵 Bup	🖵 Bup
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP
PI		Protocol # AN			
--------------------	--------------------------------------	----------------------------------	---------------------	----------------	
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival			
Date		Experimental agents administered			
Procedure name					
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation	
		(mg/kg)			
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local	
(All must be used)	(2) Buprenorphine SR	(mg/kg)	(2) 1.5	(2) SC	
				(3) SC/IP/PO	
Ophthalmic oi	ntment administered in eyes of all a	nesthetized anim	nals		

**Heat provided during surgery and recovery** 

**D** Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID	
Body weight (grams)	
Anesthesia start time	
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	
Buprenorphine SR	
Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen	
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name Anesthesia end time	Time and dosage/volume administered         Image: Image of the second

Note complications here and on back of page if needed:

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- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
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Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car
	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details					

PI		Protocol # AN		
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival		
Date		Experimental agents administered		
Procedure name				
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation
		(mg/kg)		
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local
(All must be used)	(2) Buprenorphine SR	(mg/kg)	(2) 1.2	(2) SC
	(3) Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen	(3) 2 (Mel) -OR- 5 (Car) (3) SC/IP/PO		
Ophthalmic oi	ntment administered in eyes of all a	nesthetized anim	nals	

Heat provided during surgery and recovery

Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID	
Body weight (grams)	
Anesthesia start time	
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	
Buprenorphine SR	
Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen	
-	
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name Anesthesia end time	Time and dosage/volume administered

Note complications here and on back of page if needed:

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- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
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Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car
	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details					

PI		Protocol # AN			
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival			
Date		Experimental agents administered			
Procedure name					
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation	
(2) Ketamine + Xylazine		(mg/kg)	(2) 80-100 K + 10-20 X	(2) IP	
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local	
(All must be used)	(2) Buprenorphine	(mg/kg)	(2) 0.05-0.1	(2) SC/IP	
	(3) Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen		(3) 5-10 (Mel) -OR- ~5 (Car)	(3) SC/IP/PO	
Ophthalmic oi	ntment administered in eyes of all ar	nesthetized anim	als		

Heat provided during surgery and recovery

Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID				
Body weight (grams)				
Anesthesia start time				
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered			
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine				
Buprenorphine				
Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen				
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered			
	Image: Constraint of the second sec			
Anesthesia end time				

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Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP

PI		Protocol # AN		
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival		
Date		Experimental agents administered		
Procedure name				
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation
(2) Ketamine + Xylazine		(mg/kg)	(2) 40-80 K + 5-10 X	(2) IP
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local
(All must be used)	(2) Buprenorphine	(mg/kg)	(2) 0.01-0.05	(2) SC/IP
	(3) Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen		(3) 2 (Mel) -OR- 5 (Car)	(3) SC/IP/PO
Ophthalmic oi	ntment administered in eyes of all a	nesthetized anim	nals	

Heat provided during surgery and recovery

Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID	
Body weight (grams)	
Anesthesia start time	
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	
Buprenorphine	
Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen	
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered         Image: Image of the state of the s
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered         Image: Image of the state of the s

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Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP

PI		Protocol # AN		
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival		
Date		Experimental agents administered		
Procedure name				
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation
		(mg/kg)		
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local
(All must be used)	(2) Buprenorphine	(mg/kg)	(2) 0.05-0.1	(2) SC/IP
	(3) Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen		(3) 5-10 (Mel) -OR- ~5 (Car)	(3) SC/IP/PO
Ophthalmic ointment administered in eyes of all anesthetized animals				

Heat provided during surgery and recovery

Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID	
Body weight (grams)	
Anesthesia start time	
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	
Buprenorphine	
Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen	
Other Acente Nerse	Time and deeper further administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	I ime and dosage/volume administered
	Ime and dosage/volume administered
	Ime and dosage/volume administered
Anesthesia end time	Ime and dosage/volume administered       Ime and dosage/volume administered       Ime and dosage/volume administered       Ime and dosage/volume administered

Note complications here and on back of page if needed:

- Record dates and times of post-op observations or analgesic administrations.
- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
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Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP

PI		Protocol # AN		
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival		
Date		Experimental agents administered		
Procedure name				
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation
		(mg/kg)		
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local
(All must be used)	(2) Buprenorphine	(mg/kg)	(2) 0.01-0.05	(2) SC/IP
(3) Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen			(3) 2 (Mel) -OR- 5 (Car)	(3) SC/IP/PO
Ophthalmic oi	ntment administered in eyes of all a	nesthetized anim	nals	

**Heat provided during surgery and recovery** 

Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID	
Body weight (grams)	
Anesthesia start time	
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	
Buprenorphine	
Meloxicam -OR- Carprofen	
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered         Image: Image of the state of the s
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered         Image: State of the s

Note complications here and on back of page if needed:

- Record dates and times of post-op observations or analgesic administrations.
- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
- Once post-surgical pain assessment has concluded, all other monitoring will continue as approved per protocol.

Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car	Mel/Car
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup				
	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP

PI		Protocol # AN		
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival		
Date		Experimental agents administered		
Procedure name				
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation
		(mg/kg)		
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local
(All must be used) (2) Buprenorphine SR		(mg/kg)	(2) 1.5	(2) SC
Ophthalmic oi	ntment administered in eyes of all a	nesthetized anim	nals	

Heat provided during surgery and recovery

**D** Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID				
Body weight (grams)				
Anesthesia start time				
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered			
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine				
Buprenorphine SR				
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered			
Anesthesia end time				
Complications? Y/N				

Note complications here and on back of page if needed:

- Record dates and times of post-op observations or analgesic administrations.
- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
- Once post-surgical pain assessment has concluded, all other monitoring will continue as approved per protocol.

Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	□ NSOP	□ NSOP	□ NSOP	NSOP	□ NSOP
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	□ NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	□ NSOP				

PI	Protocol # AN			
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival		
Date		Experimental agents administered		
Procedure name				
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation
		(mg/kg)		
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local
(All must be used) (2) Buprenorphine SR		(mg/kg)	(2) 1.2	(2) SC
Ophthalmic oi	ntment administered in eyes of all a	nesthetized anim	nals	

Heat provided during surgery and recovery

**D** Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID				
Body weight (grams)				
Anesthesia start time				
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered			
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine				
Buprenorphine SR				
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered			
Anesthesia end time				
Complications? Y/N				

Note complications here and on back of page if needed:

- Record dates and times of post-op observations or analgesic administrations.
- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
- Once post-surgical pain assessment has concluded, all other monitoring will continue as approved per protocol.

Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	□ NSOP				
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	□ NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	□ NSOP				

PI Protocol # AN				
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival		
Date		Experimental agents administered		
Procedure name				
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation
(2) Ketamine + Xylazine		(mg/kg)	(2) 80-100 K + 10-20 X	(2) IP
Analgesics used (1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine		Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local
(All must be used) (2) Buprenorphine SR		(mg/kg)	(2) 1.5	(2) SC
	atus ant administrator ad in avera of all a	we at hat in a disc		

**Ophthalmic ointment administered in eyes of all anesthetized animals** 

Heat provided during surgery and recovery

**D** Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID					
Body weight (grams)					
Anesthesia start time					
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered				
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine					
Buprenorphine SR					
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered				
Anesthesia end time					
Complications? Y/N					

Note complications here and on back of page if needed:

- Record dates and times of post-op observations or analgesic administrations.
- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
- Once post-surgical pain assessment has concluded, all other monitoring will continue as approved per protocol.

Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	□ NSOP				
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	□ NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	□ NSOP				

PI		Protocol # AN		
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival		
Date		Experimental agents administered		
Procedure name				
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation
(2) Ketamine + Xylazine		(mg/kg)	(2) 40-80 K + 5-10 X	(2) IP
Analgesics used (1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine		Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local
(All must be used) (2) Buprenorphine SR		(mg/kg)	(2) 1.2	(2) SC
Ophthalmic ointment administered in eyes of all anesthetized animals				

Heat provided during surgery and recovery

**D** Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID					
Body weight (grams)					
Anesthesia start time					
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered				
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine					
Buprenorphine SR					
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered				
Anesthesia end time					
Complications? Y/N					

Note complications here and on back of page if needed:

- Record dates and times of post-op observations or analgesic administrations.
- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
- Once post-surgical pain assessment has concluded, all other monitoring will continue as approved per protocol.

Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	□ NSOP	□ NSOP	□ NSOP	NSOP	□ NSOP
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	□ NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP	NSOP
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	□ NSOP				

PI	PI Protocol # AN				
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival			
Date		Experimental agents administered			
Procedure name					
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation	
		(mg/kg)			
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local	
(All must be used) (2) Buprenorphine		(mg/kg)	(2) 0.05-0.1	(2) SC/IP	
Ophthalmic oi	Ophthalmic ointment administered in eyes of all anesthetized animals				

**Heat provided during surgery and recovery** 

**D** Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID	
Body weight (grams)	
Anesthesia start time	
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	
Buprenorphine	
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Anesthesia end time	
Complications? Y/N	

Note complications here and on back of page if needed:

- Record dates and times of post-op observations or analgesic administrations.
- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
- Once post-surgical pain assessment has concluded, all other monitoring will continue as approved per protocol.

Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Вир	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Вир	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Вир	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup

PI		Protocol # AN			
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival			
Date		Experimental agents administered			
Procedure name					
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation	
		(mg/kg)			
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local	
(All must be used) (2) Buprenorphine		(mg/kg)	(2) 0.01-0.05	(2) SC/IP	
<b>Ophthalmic ointment administered in eyes of all anesthetized animals</b>					

**Heat provided during surgery and recovery** 

**D** Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

Green surgery tag affixed to cage card or onto cage

Circle Animal ID Cage ID	
Body weight (grams)	
Anesthesia start time	
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	
Buprenorphine	
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered
Anesthesia end time	
Complications? Y/N	

Note complications here and on back of page if needed:

- Record dates and times of post-op observations or analgesic administrations.
- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
- Once post-surgical pain assessment has concluded, all other monitoring will continue as approved per protocol.

Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Вир	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Вир	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Вир	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup

PI		Protocol # AN		
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival		
Date		Experimental agents administered		
Procedure name				
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation
	(2) Ketamine + Xylazine	(mg/kg)	(2) 80-100 K + 10-20 X	(2) IP
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local
(All must be used)	(2) Buprenorphine	(mg/kg)	(2) 0.05-0.1	(2) SC/IP
Ophthalmic ointment administered in eyes of all anesthetized animals				

Heat provided during surgery and recovery

**D** Pedal reflex (pinch at both foot pads) checked periodically during surgery to evaluate depth of anesthesia

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Circle Animal ID Cage ID					
Body weight (grams)					
Anesthesia start time					
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered				
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine					
Buprenorphine					
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered				
Anesthesia end time					
Complications? Y/N					

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- Record dates and times of post-op observations or analgesic administrations.
- Checkboxes below indicate required doses of analgesia. If an NSOP checkbox is also included in the same details section, observe animals for signs of pain. If pain is observed, administer analgesic(s) and re-evaluate at time point when next analgesic administration is due. If no pain is observed, mark the NSOP checkbox.
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Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Вир	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Вир	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Вир	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup

PI		Protocol # AN			
Personnel		Surgery Type Survival			
Date		Experimental agents administered			
Procedure name					
Anesthetics used	(1) Isoflurane	Dose + Route	(1) 1%-5% to effect	(1) Inhalation	
	(2) Ketamine + Xylazine	(mg/kg)	(2) 40-80 K + 5-10 X	(2) IP	
Analgesics used	(1) Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine	Dose + Route	(1) < 7-8	(1) Local	
(All must be used)	(2) Buprenorphine	(mg/kg)	(2) 0.01-0.05	(2) SC/IP	
Ophthalmic ointment administered in eyes of all anesthetized animals					

**Heat provided during surgery and recovery** 

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Circle Animal ID Cage ID					
Body weight (grams)					
Anesthesia start time					
Analgesics Name	Time and volume administered				
Lidocaine -OR- Bupivacaine					
Buprenorphine					
Other Agents Name	Time and dosage/volume administered				
Anesthesia end time					
Complications? Y/N					

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Animal or Cage ID #					
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🖵 Bup	🗖 Вир	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🗖 Bup	🗖 Вир	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup
Date/Time					
NSOP or Analgesic details	🖬 Bup	🗖 Вир	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup	🗖 Bup